

# **GRx+Biosims**

## Old, New, and Future Challenges in Bioequivalence September 7, 2018 Charles E. DiLiberti

#### **Objectives and approaches**

- Facilitate robust dialogue on the most pressing bioequivalence-related issues facing generic drug developers, sponsors, and CROs
- Based on informal feedback of "please fix it" wish-lists from stakeholders
- Identify issues as being old, new, or future Olde New Future
- Most serious/widespread issues summarized and presented first (~ 15 min) to stimulate audience participation and panel discussion (~ 45 min)
- Backup slides show details, suggested fixes, and less serious/widespread issues; for later review and reference





- Charlie DiLiberti, MS, President, Montclair Bioequivalence Services, LLC (Moderator)
- Keith Gallicano, PhD, Chief Scientific Officer, Novum Pharmaceutical Research Services
- Russ Rackley, PhD, Head, Global Pharmacokinetics/Drug Metabolism, Mylan Inc.
- Nageshwar Thudi, PhD, Senior Director, Clinical End Point Studies Global, Teva Pharmaceuticals
- William Zarycranski, PharmD, Director Clinical Development Early Phase, Sandoz Inc., A Novartis Company



# Guidances – clarity, consistency, rationale, implementation issues

- Many guidances lack clarity:
  - Interpretation is uncertain
  - No quick way to resolve uncertainties
- Inconsistencies exist across guidances:
  - Between product-specific and general guidances
  - Among product-specific guidances for similar products
- FDA rationale behind its product-specific BE guidances is often a mystery
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Ide







## Guidances – clarity, consistency, rationale, implementation issues – cont'd

- Lack of guidances where they are needed
- Implementation/enforcement issues:
  - New product-specific BE guidances are issued without warning, and without implementation schedule
  - Adversely affects products under development and already-filed ANDAs under review
  - FDA improperly attempts to enforce draft guidances



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#### Biowaivers and *in vitro* BE methods to reduce or eliminate clinical burden

- Suggestions/questions on extension of *in vitro* approaches for various types of locally New ٠ acting drug products:
  - Injectable, ophthalmic, nasal suspensions, topicals, implants ٠
- Challenges meeting Q1/Q2 requirements to qualify for *in vitro* BE approaches for ٠ locally-acting drug products:
  - New guidances + Q1/Q2 response opacity + Q1/Q2 policy opacity = stuck ٠
- BCS biowaivers: overcoming obstacles ٠
  - Literature support for high permeability rather than CACO-2 studies ٠
  - Q1/"Q2" similarity issues ٠



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New Future

New

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### Clinical endpoint BE studies: challenges

- High variability with untransformed change-from-baseline endpoints Olde
- High placebo response rates (especially if unexpected)
- Too many primary endpoints
- Need alternatives for many more products: *in vitro*, PK, etc.



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#### **BE reserve (retention) samples**

- Costly, difficult-to-obtain RLDs (note FDA waiver program)
- Requirements for clinical endpoint BE studies are often onerous
  - Each-site for multi-site studies
  - Exacerbated when IVRS/IWRS are used
- Requirements for in vitro BE studies are unclear and potentially excessive Future
- · Lack of clarity for dosage forms other than solid orals





#### **Patient PK studies**

- FDA guidances sometimes specify patients when
  - NDA sponsor conducted multiple studies in healthy volunteers
  - EMA guidances recommend healthy volunteers
- Inferior BE comparisons in patients:
  - Steady state vs. single dose conditions
  - Confounding factors (disease state, con meds, different dose levels)
- Significant challenges with patient studies (recruitment, large amounts of Olde RLD needed – high cost, duration, etc.)



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#### **ANDA** review frustrations

- Frivolous citation of minor issues, seemingly to invoke a Refuse-to-Receive New (RTR) or meet a GDUFA performance metric
- Seemingly over-zealous/inexperienced reviewers:

- Demanding inappropriate application of guidances/regulations
- Issuing unreasonable comments/deficiencies
- Out-of-step with historical FDA policies/practices



#### **CDISC data standards**

New These are expensive and onerous to prepare ٠ Poor guidance/clarity on details of how to apply CDISC to ANDAs New ٠ FDA demands perfection in structure/formatting New ٠ New Is there any way to streamline these, e.g., for certain drug classes, ٠ formulations and/or types of study (patients vs NHVs)? New Are the new CDISC data files/formats even utilized by FDA? FDA • sometimes asks for data in the old formats!



### **Reference Listed Drug (RLD) issues**

- Obtaining RLDs: REMS and restricted distribution programs
  - FDA protocol review for REMS compliance is of limited utility
- Considerable lot-to-lot variability in RLD
  - Inherent, and/or aging-related
  - Complicates generic development (moving target)
  - Justifies adjustment of BE criteria?
  - For products significantly affected by administration technique, are differences technique or formulation-related?



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New

Olde

### **Reference Scaled Average Bioequivalence (RSABE)**

- When can/can't RSABE be used? PD, anticoagulants, etc.
- Questions on details of implementing RSABE method: handling missing data, multiple dosing groups, passing unscaled average BE but not RSABE, etc.
- Extension of RSABE principle to two-period designs (Balaam's: RR, RT, Olde TR)?
- Use of 2 different RLD lots to address high lot-to-lot RLD variability? Olde New



#### **Outliers and anomalous data**

Need to re-think outlier/anomalous data policies ٠

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- Humans are biological organisms subject to inherent and sometimes • erratic variability
- Many good studies are thrown out when the RLD is the bad actor ٠
- New Re-dosing study policy has morphed from routine to unclear/unacceptable •
- Need better approaches for dealing with PK "flatliners" (all zero • concentrations): expected for some types of products
- Recent FDA comments on alleged cross-study inconsistencies in absolute New • concentrations are concerning

#### **Transdermal/topical patches**

- PK studies: taping was OK but now is not consequences
- Adhesion:
  - New guidance helps, but still residual issues
  - Scoring scale rationale, performance issues
  - Revised adhesion guidance under development
- Irritation:
  - New guidance under development
  - Scoring scale rationale, performance issues
  - SLS positive control patch issues
  - Policy on sites in different climatic regions?



New Olde New

Olde New

# Global harmonization of BE requirements

- Needed to minimize BE study redundancy for global registration
- Reference product issues across different regions
  - Ideally, would like to conduct one BE study against a reference product from one region, and file it in multiple regions, but not accepted by most regulatory authorities
  - Inequivalent reference product formulations in different regions
- BE approaches differ among different regions
- Global Bioequivalence Harmonization Initiative (GBHI) limited success



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#### **Charles E. DiLiberti, President**

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#### Upcoming event of interest:

#### Streamlining Generic Drug Development by Matching Reference Product Composition and Performance, *In Vitro* and *In Vivo*

October 18 – 19, 2018 Baltimore, MD

Scientists Advancing Affordable Medicines, Inc. <a href="https://saamnow.com">https://saamnow.com</a>



## **THANK YOU**

With special thanks to my industry colleagues who contributed their current issues and valuable suggestions under conditions of anonymity, and to the outstanding panelists.

## BACKUP SLIDES (available post-conference)

